

Online PGDM

First Year, Trimester 1, June 2024

Course Name : Business Economics

Course Code: 1101

Max Marks : 70 Max Time : 2 hrs

Instructions for Students: All questions are compulsory.

Write your answers clearly and concisely.

Support your answers with relevant examples and diagrams where necessary.

Each answer should be written in your own words.

Section A : Objective Type Questions

Max. Marks-20

Question 1: The law of demand states that, all else being equal:

- A. As the price of a good increases, the quantity demanded increases.
- B. As the price of a good decreases, the quantity demanded decreases.
- C. As the price of a good increases, the quantity demanded decreases.
- D. The price of a good does not affect the quantity demanded.

Question 2: Which of the following factors does NOT shift the demand curve for a good?

- A. Change in consumer income
- B. Change in the price of the good
- C. Change in consumer tastes and preferences
- D. Change in the price of related goods

Question 3: If the price elasticity of demand for a product is greater than 1, the demand for the product is considered:

- A. Inelastic
- B. Unitary elastic
- C. Elastic
- D. Perfectly inelastic

Question 4: The law of supply states that, all else being equal:

- A. As the price of a good increases, the quantity supplied decreases.
- B. As the price of a good decreases, the quantity supplied increases.
- C. As the price of a good increases, the quantity supplied increases.
- D. The price of a good does not affect the quantity supplied.

Question 5: Market equilibrium occurs when:

A. Demand exceeds supply

B. Supply exceeds demand

C. Quantity demanded equals quantity supplied

D. Price is maximized

Question 6: Which of the following would cause a movement along the demand curve for a product?

A. An increase in consumer income

- B. A decrease in the price of the product
- C. A change in consumer preferences
- D. An increase in the price of a substitute good

Question 7: If a 10% increase in the price of a good leads to a 5% decrease in quantity demanded, the price elasticity of demand is:

- A. 0.5
- B. 1
- C. 1.5

D. 2

Question 8: Which of the following would NOT cause a shift in the supply curve for a product?

- A. A technological advancement in the production process
- B. A decrease in the price of the product
- C. An increase in the number of suppliers
- D. A change in the price of inputs used to produce the product

Question 9: When there is a surplus in the market:

- A. Quantity demanded exceeds quantity supplied
- B. Quantity supplied exceeds quantity demanded
- C. The market is in equilibrium
- D. Prices will rise to eliminate the surplus

Question 10: Which type of good typically has a high price elasticity of demand?

A. Necessity goods

B. Luxury goods

C. Inferior goods

D. Complementary goods

Section B : Subjective Type Questions (Short Answer Questions)

- 1. Explain the concept of marginal product of labor (MPL).
- 2. What is the law of diminishing returns?
- 3. Distinguish between fixed costs and variable costs.
- 4. How do economies of scale affect the cost structure of a firm?
- 5. Explain the concept of the short-run average cost (SRAC) curve and its typical shape.

Section C : Subjective Type Questions (Long Answer Questions)

1. Compare and contrast perfect competition and monopoly. How do they differ in terms of market power, pricing, and efficiency? [10 Marks]

2. Describe the characteristics of monopolistic competition. How does product differentiation impact this market structure? [10 Marks]

Max. Marks-10

Max.Marks-40

3. Explain the concept of oligopoly and the role of strategic behavior in this market structure. How do firms in an oligopoly market determine their pricing and output decisions? [20 Marks]